turning knowledge into practice

Life Cycle Assessment Of Organic Diversion Alternatives And Economic Analysis For Greenhouse Gas Reduction Options

Project Status

Keith Weitz February 2, 2009



RTI International is a trade name of Research Triangle Institute

Recap of Project Goals, Tasks, and Outputs

- The goal of the project is to develop data, methods, and tools to analyze the cost and life cycle GHG aspects for organic waste diversion alternatives in California.
 - Want to assess the cost/benefit of alternatives
 - Goal is not to develop GHG inventory, reporting requirements, or reporting protocols.

Main Tasks:

- Conduct LCA (focusing on GHG emissions and offsets)
- Conduct economic analysis
- Develop CA-specific GHG tool

Key Products:

- State and regional LCA and economic analysis of organic waste diversion alternatives (a report)
- GHG tool

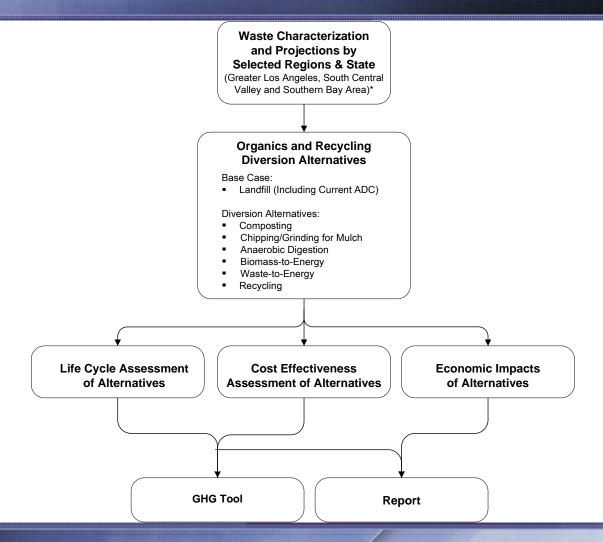


Project Team and Roles

- RTI International (Prime)
 - LCA/GHG analysis
 - GHG tool lead
- R.W. Beck
 - Economics analysis
 - GHG tool support
- Sally Brown
 - Compost research
- Matthew Cotton
 - Facilities information
 - Compost research



Project Components and Flow

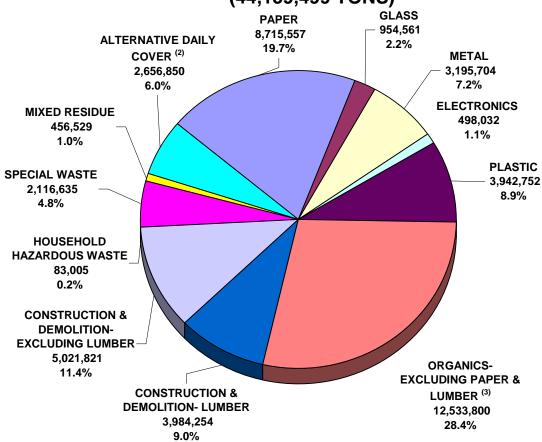




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Statewide Total Waste Disposed

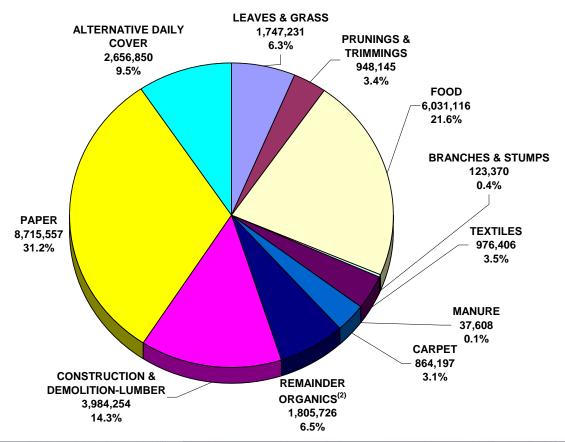
2006 TOTAL TONS OF WASTE DISPOSED⁽¹⁾ (44,159,499 TONS)





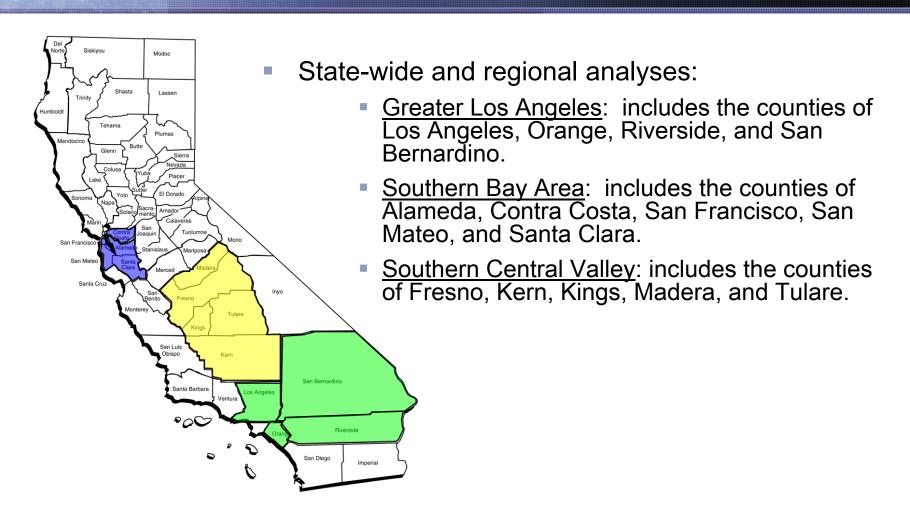
Statewide Total Organics Disposed

2006 TOTAL TONS OF ORGANICS DISPOSED⁽¹⁾ (27,890,461 TONS)





Geographic Scope



Diversion Alternatives Under Consideration

Baseline:

Landfill (including ADC)

Diversion Alternatives:

- Composting
- Chipping/Grinding
- Anaerobic Digestion
- Biomass to Energy
- Waste to Energy
- Recycling (recyclables only)

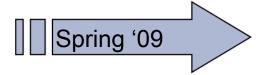


Near-Term Schedule (Next 2 Months)

- Complete data collection and memoranda and submit to Board for review:
 - Documentation of survey data collection
 - Documentation of data recommended for use in the analyses
- Incorporate Board comments into draft compost sampling and analysis and present to stakeholders for review
- Define scenarios, LCA/cost algorithms, and key assumptions recommended for use in the analyses and submit to Board for review



Remaining Schedule



- Draft final data memoranda to stakeholders for review
- Draft final scenario design, methods, and assumptions to stakeholders for review
- Draft final compost sampling and analysis report to stakeholders for review
- Draft LCA and economic analysis report to Board for review
- Prototype GHG tool to Board for review



- Final compost sampling and analysis report
- Draft final LCA and economic analysis to stakeholders for review
- Prototype GHG tool to stakeholders for review
- Stakeholders workshop



- Final LCA and economic analysis report
- Final GHG tool



Agenda for Today

- Focus on data collection activities
- Outline approaches for LCA and economic analyses
- Present conceptual design of the GHG tool
- Q&A session



Key Themes

- This is challenging and complex work.
- Emphasis on treating diversion alternatives in a consistent and objective manner.
- Data collection survey has yielded limited results.
 - Results constrained by data?
- Relying on existing methods; not reinventing the wheel
- Analysis will have fixed data and assumptions whereas GHG tool will allow for more flexibility in data and assumptions.
- An LCA is not the same as a GHG inventory or potential GHG reporting requirement.



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Data Collection

Keith Weitz February 2, 2009



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Outline

- Data collection objectives
- How will data be used?
- Data collection approach
 - Facility surveys
 - Compost sampling/analysis
 - Additional sources
- Status
- Plan for filling data gaps
- Data application:
 - LCA
 - Economic analysis



Data Collection Objectives

- Collect data to capture state and regional characteristics and variation.
 - Waste tonnages and composition
 - Facility capacities and general design
 - Facility operating characteristics
 - Costs/emissions/products
- Develop transparent, consistent, and objective data to characterize alternatives on an equal basis.
- Identify and quantify beneficial offsets where they exist.
 - Energy and materials recovery
 - Compost application



How Will Data be Used?

- Characterize processes in the State and study regions in terms of average design and operating characteristics, such as:
 - Equipment
 - Efficiencies for energy and materials recovery
 - Products and end-use applications
- Develop cost, energy, and emission coefficients:
 - Cost/ton
 - Energy consumption/ton
 - CO₂/ton
 - CH₄/ton
 - N_2O/ton
- Develop hypothetical yet realistic scenarios for analysis.



Main Data Collection Activities

- 1. Facility data survey
- 2. Compost application sampling and analysis
- 3. Additional data collection to fill gaps



Facilities Data Survey – Approach

- Developed a master facilities list for the study regions.
- Developed criteria for selection of ideal participants:
 - Location of facility
 - Size of facility
 - Operating characteristics of facility
 - Existing contacts at facility
- When numerous facilities were identified for an alternative, additional up-front effort was made to determine data availability.
 - Readily available data was compiled and data gaps identified and targeted for additional data collection.



Facilities Data Survey – Approach (cont.)

- Developed survey consisted of several parts:
 - General background information
 - Operating characteristics
 - Energy and emissions related data requests
 - Economic related data requests
- Developed introductory letter and confidentiality agreement.
- Contacted facilities asking them to respond to a questionnaire.
 Facilities were given the flexibility to provide information in different formats and a confidentiality agreement was offered.
- Follow-up calls were made to make sure information was received and to confirm participation.
- Facility responses were tracked and information compiled.



Facility Data Survey Response To-Date

		Baseline Diversion Alternatives							
Region	Status	Landfill	Composting	Chipping and Grinding	Recycling	Anaerobic Digestion	Biomass-to- Energy	Waste-to- Energy	
GLA	Completed	3 (1 partial)	0	2	2	0	0	0	
	Declined	O (1 parada)	ñ	0	2	ñ	1	ñ	
	Pending	5	5	2	7	1	'n	2	
	No Contact	n	n	ñ	A	'n	n	ñ	
	TOTAL	8	5	4	15	1	1	2	
SBA	Completed	0	1 (partial)	0	2	0			
	Declined	1	1	Ō	1	Ö	No facilities in		
	Pending	3	2	1	4	1	the SBA	the SBA region	
	No Contact	1	0	Ô	4	Ó	region		
	TOTAL	5	4	1	11	1	0	0	
scv	Completed	1 (partial)	1	0	0	0	0	No facilities in	
	Declined	ຶ່1 ໌	1	0	1	1	2	No facilities in	
	Pending	7	1	0	7	0	4	the SBA	
	No Contact	0	0	0	3	0	1	region	
	TOTAL	9	3	0	11	1	7	0	
Other	Completed	No focilities	2	1	No facilities	0	1	0	
	Declined	No facilities	0	0	No facilities	2	1	0	
	Pending	contacted in	2	0	contacted in	0	21	1	
	No Contact	other regions	0	0	other regions	0	0	0	
	TOTAL	0	4	1	0	2	23	1	
GRAND TOTAL		22	16	6	37	5	31	3	

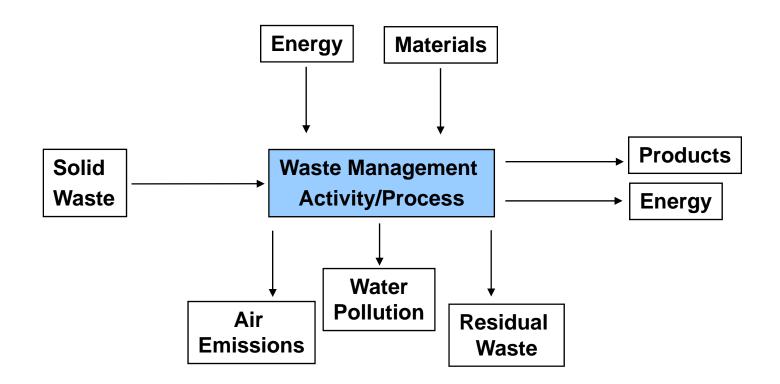


Next Steps

- Prepare memorandum detailing the results of the survey data collection effort.
- Complete identification and review of additional data and information for possible use to fill gaps.
 - Existing Board sources
 - Existing reports and papers
 - Companies' public information
 - Internal study reports
- Prepare memorandum detailing the facility data and additional data recommended for use in the analyses.
- Finalize compost study report.



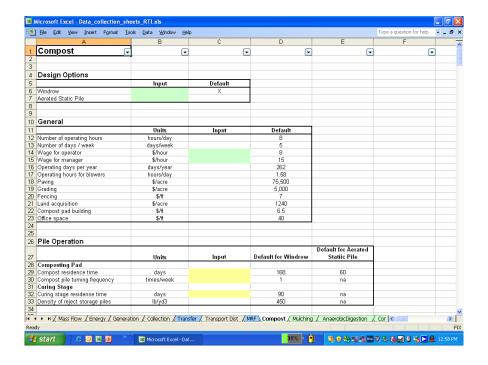
LCA Data for Process Characterization





Nature of LCA Data Requested

- Basic facility design and operation
- Materials/process flow
- Energy consumption
- Material inputs
- Efficiency factors
- Emission factors
- Products (energy/materials)
 - Offsets of other products
- Transportation distances





Example LCA Data Survey For Landfills

California Integrated Waste Management Board Financial and Operating Data Survey - Gas and Leachate Management Information						
	SECTION I: 2006 GAS MANAGEMENT INFORMATION					
43	Annual Amount of Gas Flared (Please specify the units)					
44	Annual Amount of Gas Vented (Please specify the units)					
45	Annual Amount of Gas Recovered (Please specify the units and indicate what the gas is being recovered for (i.e. electricity generation for onsite use or sold back to the grid, fuel source, etc.).					
46	Gas collection system efficiency (percentage)					
47	Total gas yield potential (ft3 gas/ton MSW)					
48	Gas quality- carbon dioxide (percentage)					
49	Gas quality- methane (percentage)					
50	Type of energy recovery system (turbine/ boiler/ ICE)					
51	Cost Savings and/or Benefits (Please provide any information on cost savings and/or benefits from the use of the ADC, electricity generation for onsite use, etc.)					

Data Received is Compiled and Standardized

Parameter	Cit	ty A	City B		
Compost facility design	win	drow	windrow		
Compost residency time	90-365	days	90	days	
Compost pile turning frequency	5	days	3	days	
Curing stage residence time	90	days	30-90	days	
Fuel/energy requirements of the windrow turner	500	gal/month	9.27	gal/hr	
Fuel/energy requirements of the hammermill	1000	gal/month	9.99	gal/hr	
Fuel/energy requirements of the pre- trommel	220	gal/month	2.74	gal/hr	
Fuel/energy requirements of the front end loader	Information	not provided	2.6-3.27	gal/hr	
Percentage of incoming waste as rejects landfilled	10%	percent	8%	percent	
Transportation distance to residuals disposal	Information	not provided	Information not provided		

How Will LCA Data Be Used?

